SYLLABUS



(General

Year 2014



TRIPURA UNIVERSITY

(A Central University)

Suryamaninagar

799 022

TDPH Zoology (General)

Course Structure as per the syllabus of Tripura University (a Central University)

Year	Semester	Paper	Content	Marke
I ^s ' Year	Semester I	Paper -	III Non Charles I (IV)	IVIAIKS
		1	U-IL Non Chordates I (Without Coelom)	100
			U-IIL Chordates 1 (Protochardates 4 5 1)	
	-		U-IV. Chordates II (Amphibia to mamma 1)	
	Semester II	Paper-	U-I. Cell Biology, Histology and Developmental	50
		2A	Biology	50
			U-II. Biochemistry, Animal Physiology and Endocrinology	
		Paper -	Practical based on theory of Paper II-A	
and v		2B		50
2 nd Year	Semester ^J III	Paper-	U-I. Taxonomy & Classification E. I.	
		3A	Adaptation & Classification, Evolution &	50
			U-IL Ecology, Ethology, Zoogeography	
		Papar	Biodiversity and	
		3B	Practical based on theory of Paper -III A	- 50
	Semester IV			50
	Semester-IV	Paper -	U-L Applied Zoology	
		4A	U-IL Genetics and Molecular Biology	50
		Paper -	Practical Based on Theory of D	
ard as		4B	and on Theory of Paper-IV-A	50
5 Year	Semester- V	Paper-	U-L Parasitology and Mark	
		5A	U-IL Microbiology and immunology	50
	-	Paper-	Practical Base 1	
		5B	Thereal Based on Theory of Paper-V-A	50
	Semester-VI	Paper- 6	Project in Zoola	50
		1 0	2 Tojeet III Zoology	100
			i. Project Preparation (1)	100
			work/lab work) - 50	
			ii. Presentation - 25	
			iii. Viva-25	
	. 8° - 1			

Semester I

Paper-1

UNIT I: Non-Chordates (without coclom)

- Parameeium sp.: Structure, locomotory organelle and reproduction.
- Sycon; Histology of body wall with special reference to canal system and spicules.
- Obelia: Organisation and Life history with special reference to metagenesis.
- Morphology and functional anatomy of Planaria & Fasciola

UNIT II: Non-Chordates - II (with coelom)

- Mechanism of feeding and structure of digestive system in Earthworm and Pila.
- Respiration: Structure and function of: Gills (Prawn). Trachea (Cockroach), Ctenidium and Pulmonary sac (*Pila*).
- Circulation: Open type (Cockroach) and closed type (Earthworm).
- Excretion : Nephridia and its role in Earthworm
- Nervous System: Basic plan of Invertebrates nervous system; Nervous system in. Cockroach and Pila.

UNIT III: Chordata -1 (Protochordates to Pisces)

- Branchiostomata: General Organisation, structure of Pharynx & Nephridia, mechanism of feeding and excretion.
- Ascidia: Structure of Pharynx and mechanism to feeding; The life history with special reference to retrogressive metamorphosis. Evolutionary significance of Ascidian Tadpole.
- Cyclostomata: Petromyzon: Difference between *Petromyzon* and *Myxine*; Respiratory system of *Petromyzon*; *Ammocoetes* larva and its significance.
- Lates: Digestive, Respiratory, Circulatory and Urinogenital system.
- Accessory Respiratory organs in fishes.

UNIT IV: Chordata -II (Amphibia to Mammals)

- Digestive system: Functional anatomy of stomach in *Collumba* and Cow.
- Respiratory System: Lungs and mode of respiration in Amphibia, Birds and Mammals.
- Circulatory system: Comparative anatomy of Heart and aortic arches in Amphibia, Reptiles, Birds and Mammals.
- Nervous system: Structure of Brain in Toad and Guinea pig; Cranial Nerves-Origin, distribution and function; Difference between Sympathetic and Para- Sympathetic Nervous system.
- Difference between poisonous and non-poisonous snakes
- Exoskeletal structure in birds and mammals

Prescribed syllabus of Tripura University for SEMESTER II Zoology (General) Theory Paper 2A

Unit --- I: Cell Biology, Histology and Developmental Biology

- Ultra-structure and function of different cell organelles-Plasma membrane, Golgi complex, Mitochondria& Endoplasmic Reticulum.
- Ultra-structure of Chromosome with special reference to Nucleosome model.
- Cell cycle, Mitotic & Meiotic Cell Divisions. •
- Outline classification, distribution, and functions of Animal tissues. ٠
- Histology and Functions of Skin, Liver, Pancreas, Thyroid, Testis and Ovary in • mammals.
- Gametogenesis, Ultra structure of sperm and ovum in mammals. ٠
- Physico-chemical events in fertilization. Egg Types, Cleavage and Blastulation in • Amphibians. Role of Yolk in Cleavage.
- Fate Map and Gastrulation in frog ٠
- Extra-embryonic Membrane: Formation and Function in Chick Embryo. •
- Placenta : Types, Formation (Rabbit) and Function ٠

Unit-11: Biochemistry, Animal Physiology and Endocrinology

- Classification, structure and function of carbohydrates
- Classification, structure and function of Protein •
- Classification, structure and function of lipids •
- Structure and function of Nucleic acid •

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- Concept of pH and buffer and their biological significance •
- Enzymes General properties, coenzymes, isoenzymes, allosteric enzymes, . Mechanism of enzyme action/Factors affecting enzyme reaction
- Heterotrophic Nutrition ; Intracellular digestion in Protozoa, Extracellular • digestion in general, Cellular digestion in Termite, Cattle and Horse
- Exchange of Gases: Respiratory pigments and their advantages, Oxygen and • Carbon dioxide transport.
- Excretion and Osmo-regulation: Urine formation in mammals; Nitrogen excretion in Ammonotelic, Ureoteiic and Uricotelic animals, Osmo-regulation in Fresh Water and Marine Vertebrates
- Physiology of Nerve Impulse conduction, Synaptic Transmission ٠
- Brief outline of organization and functions of endocrine system in mammals with special reference to: Pituitary, Thyroid and Gonads.
- Reproductive Cycle (estrous cycle) and its hormonal control. ٠

Prescribed syllabus of Tripura University for SEMESTER II Zoology (General) Practical Paper 2B

Total Marks = 50

Identification with reasons (Any five)

1.

a) Paramoecium, Sycon, Obleiia, Fasciola, Ascaris, Earthworm, Cockroach, Pila, Starfish, Branchiostoma, Ascidia, Petromyzon, Scoliodon, Labeo, Toad, Snake (Naja), Pigeon, Rat, Chiroptera.

b) Identification of Cell division stages (Mitosis) with reasons. (Any one)

 a) identification with characters of mammalian T.S. of Liver, Pancreas, Kidney, Thyroid, Testes, Ovary (any one)

b) Chick Emryo : 24 hrs, 48 hrs & 72 hrs (any one)

 Biochemistry: identification of Glucose, Starch & Protein. Animal Physiology : Staining & Mounting of Human Squamous Epithelial tissue/BSood film . Preparation of buffer, determination of pH. Laboratory Note Book Submission & Viva Voce

5+5=10

4x5 - 20

3+3=6

1x4 = 4

Semester III

Paper-3A

Full Marks: 50 (40 + 10)

Unit-I

Taxonomy & Classification, Evolution & Adaptation

Period - 20

- 1. Definition, Systematics, Taxonomy: Classification, Phenon. Taxon, Category, Binomial and Taxonomical nomenclature
- 2. Taxonomy Hieracrhy
- 3. Biological species concept
- 4. General characteristics and classification"
 - (i) Porifera, Cnideria & Annelida up to -subclass
 - (ii) Amphibia & ReptiLia up to order
- 5. Darwinism and post Darwinian synthetic theory of evolution
- 6. Selection: stabilizing, directional and disruptive selection with example: evolutionary significance of each kind of selection
- 7. Isolating mechanism and speciation (allopatric. sympatric and parapatric)
- 8. Morphological and physiological adaptation of- i. Camel, ii. Whale, and iii. Bat.
- 9. Animal colouration and mimicry,

Unit - II

Ecology, Ethology, Zoogeography & Biodiversity'

Period - 20

1. Ecosystem: Definition, components,' energy flow, food chain, food web. ecological pyramids.

- 2. Population ecology: properties and growth form; population regulation
- 3. Community ecology: Species diversity, stratification of forest, trophic structures, babbit and niche concept
- 4. Community succession: characteristics, types and causes of ecological succession
- 5. Social insects (termites and honey bee) and their behavior
- 6. Types of animal distribution: cosmopolitan, discontinuous, endemism, bipolar
- 7. Barriers and their roles in animal, distribution
- 8. Zoogeographical realms: geographical range, physical features, fauna characteristics
- 9. Concept of biodiversity, causes of depletion of biodiversity: strategies of biodiversity conservation- *exsitu* and *insitu* methods.

Note: Internal assessment of 10 marks based on the above syllabus.

Prescribed syllabus of Tripura University for Zoology (PRACTICAL; GENERAL) Semester III

Paper-3B

FULL MARKS: 50 (40 + 10)

1.	Study of biotic community (Soil & Water) and their significance (any two)	3x2=6
2.	Determination of Population Density by Quadrate method	572-0
3.	Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen in-water and determination of pH	6+2=8
4.	Adaptive features of Physallia, Fasciola, Ascaris, Hirudinaria, Octopus, Exocoetus	
Tree	frog, Hemidactylus, Chiroptera. (any three)	3x2=6
5.	Field visit and submission of Field Note Book	6
6.	Practical Note Book	4
7.	Viva Voce	4
Note:	Internal assessment of 10 marks based on the above syllabus.	1

Semester IV

Paper-4A

FULLMARKS (40 + 10)

Unit I: Applied Zoology II

1. Sericulture: Species of silk worms, food plants and silk varieties in India; Life history and rearing method of Bombyx mori, its diseases and control measures.

2. Apiculture: Species of honey bees in India; Life history' and rearing methods of Apis indica\ Bee products and their uses.

3. Vermiculture: Major vermicomposting species in India; Principle, method and importance of vermicomposting.

5. Prawn culture: Indian prawns of commercial value - Penaeid and non-penaeid groups, Prawn culture and hazards in prawn farming.

Unit II: Genetics and Molecular Biology

- 1. Mendelian principle of segregation and independent assortment
- 2. Linkage, Recombination, Cytoplasmic inheritance
- 3. Concepts of alleles and multiple alleles
- 4. Sex determination in Drosophila and man; Sex chromatin or Barr body and its significance
- 5. Congenital chromosomal abnormalities: Down, Turner and Klinefelter syndrome

6. Mode or' inheritance of autosomal and sex-linked genes with reference to albinism and colour blindness

- 7. DNA as a genetic material experimental proof
- 8. Replication, Transcription and Translation in prokaryotes

Prescribed syllabus of Tripura University for Zoology (THEORY; GENERAL) Semester IV Paper-4A

Theory 60(48 + 12)

Unit I: Microbiology, Parasitology and Immunology

1) General characters and major classification of microbes.

2) Microbes in human and animal welfare.

3) Common microbial diseases (Cholera and Amoebiosis), their treatment and control.

4) Life cycle, pathogenecity, clinical features and control measures of Plasmodium vivax, P. falciparum. Wuchereria bancrofii and Anchylostoma duodenale.

6) Host-parasitic interaction with reference to helminthes (Taenia sp. and roundworms) diseases.

7) Major cells types and organs of immune system; primary and secondary lymphoid organs: types of immune system: Cell mediated immune system & humoral immune system; Concept of antigens and types of antibodies

Unit II: Tools and techniques in Biology

(15 lectures) $12x^2 = 24$

Principle and applications of pH meter, ii) colorimeter, and iii) Centrifuges
Principle and applications of i) Channel and applications of iterations of the second s

Principle and applications of i) Chromatography ii) Electrophoresis
Principle and application of i) Links

3) Principle and application of i) Light microscope (Bright-field and Phase Contrast) and Electron microscope (SEM & TEM)

4) Micro-techniques: Fixation, dehydration, embedding, block-making, microtomy, Principle of staining, acid and basic stains, Single & double staining methods

N.B: Internal assessment of 12 marks based upon above syllabus./

Semester IV

Paper-4B

FULL MARKS: 50 (40+10)

A. Applied Zoology

Spotting and economic importance of following specimens (any three)

- Triporyza sp.
- Sitophilus sp.
- Bandicoota sp.
- Bombyx sp.
- Apis sp.
- Perionyx sp.
- Macrobrachium sp.
- B. Genetics
 - 2. Preparation and staining of cell division (onion root tip)
 - 3. Identification of Mitotic / Meiotic division stages
 - 4. Studies of Barr body in man.
- C. Viva Voce
- D. Lab Note Book

Semester V

Paper-5A

FULL MARKS: 50

Unit-I: Parasitology and Medical Entomology

(15 lectures)

- 1. Life cycle, pathogenicity, clinical features and control measures of-
 - (a) Plasmodium vivax

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- (b) Entamoeba histolytica
- (c) Ascaris lumbricoides
- 2. Parasitic adaptations in helminthes with reference to Ascaris lumbricoides and Taenia solium
- 3. Common insect vectors related to public health: their features and the disease (s) caused by these vectors
 - a) Mosquitoes (.Anopheles, Culex, Aedes)
 - b) House fly (Musca sp.)
 - c) Bed bug (Cimex sp.)
 - d) Head louse (Pediculus sp.)

Unit-11: Microbiology and Immunology

(15 lectures)

1. Types of Microbes and their important features.

- 2. Disease causing Microbes with reference to Cholera and Tuberculosis, mode of transmission.
- 3. Microbes in human gut and their beneficial role; concept of Probiotics.
- 4. Immune system cells and organs of immune system, types of immune responses.
- 5. Antibodies types and its modal structure; antigen and antibody interaction.
- Internal assessment of 10 marks based on the above study material

prescribed syllabus of Tripura University for Zoology (PRACTICAL; GENERAL) Semester V

Paper-5B

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1	Identification with reasons: (any two)	5x2=10
1.	a) Entamoeba histolytica	
	b) Giardia intestinalis	
	c) Plasmodium Sp.	
	d) A scaris lumbricoides	
	e) Culex sp.	
	f) Musca sp	
	g) Cimex sp. Teorie sp (any one).	5
2.	Adaptive features in Fasciola sp., Ascaris sp., Taema sp.(any entry) Adaptive features in Fasciola sp., Ascaris sp., Taema sp.(any entry)	
3.	Collection and preparation of gut launa in carry	3+2+3 = 8
1	Submission of life history stages of mosquito in glass bottle & also on	4+3 = 7
4. 1	Submission of the modely	5
drav	wing sheet.	5
5.	Lab Note Book.	
6.	Viva.	
Inte	ernal assessment of 10 marks based on the detail	